

## What Will Your Wife Say

If you fail to take advantage of the offer of the ORIGINAL EAGLE?

During this month of December we will present with every sale of \$15 or over, a gold-handled Silk Umbrella or a fine Silk Umbrella, with natural stick.

## ORIGINAL EAGLE

5 & 7 West Washington St.

Open each evening this week until 8:30.

## MURPHY, HIBBEN & CO.

97 & 99 South Meridian Street.

## THE LAST CALL

MUFFLERS! MUFFLERS! MUFFLERS

White and Fancy Bordered Hemstitched Silk Handkerchiefs, in great variety. Plush Toilet Cases and Fancy Work-Boxes. Pocket-Books and Chatelaine Bags. (AT WHOLESALE ONLY.)

## MURPHY, HIBBEN & CO.

P. S. Just received, 50 cases Shirts, including 7-8 Heavy and 4-4 fine Percales, new designs.

Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis.

## WHEN INDICATIONS.

WEDNESDAY—Cloudy weather, clearing occasionally during the day.

## MAY BE IT WAS INFLUENZA.

Gabby—How did you get that dreadful cold?

That is the best protection against all this kind of thing, and there is no excuse for going without pants of course not. Nice ones, we mean. Any pair, \$5.50 to \$9, for this week.

## BE WELL CLOTHED

It won't always be warm. It will and buy your mother, sister, sweetheart

## FINE FURS AT GREAT CUT PRICES.

## THE HEN

and everything in Sargol's Finest and Applique. H. ARMSTRONG & CO'S Surgical Instrument House, 92 South Illinois street.

## AROSE AND WALKED.

A St. Louis Man's Peculiar Dream and Remarkable Recovery from Paralysis.

St. Louis, Mo., Dec. 17.—A remarkable recovery from paralysis is reported here, and physicians are deeply interested as well as greatly surprised. Jacob C. Zabriskie, a gas expert, who directed the building of the Lacelle Gas-light Company's works in this city, and who was in the employ of the Manhattan Gas Company in New York, as superintendent of their works, for twenty-two years, is the lucky man who has suddenly recovered the use of a paralyzed arm and leg. He is now sixty years of age. Six years ago, while in Paterson, N. J., he was stricken with paralysis, and incapacitated for work. He had resigned himself to being a cripple for life, and found it difficult to move about with the aid of crutches. He says: "Six weeks ago I went to bed one night feeling as usual. My left leg was wholly without feeling. During the night I had a peculiar dream that I had recovered the use of my leg, and I had, for a while, awakened, I got up and found I could walk without crutches. I pinched my leg and found there was feeling in it. Since then there has been no peculiar sensation, and I am improving all the time." Physicians are nonplussed, and will investigate the case thoroughly.

## Suit Growing Out of the Corn "Corner."

CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—As an outcome of the recent corn deal manipulated on the Board of Trade by George D. Hayden & Co., the firm of Hayden & Co. they say, has filed a suit in the Superior Court for \$50,000 against Hayden & Co. Lamson Brothers & Co. sold corn for November delivery. Hayden & Co. they say, had bought up all the cash corn then in the market. As delivery-day drew near they also began to buy up all small sellers, and through their broker to run the market up, advancing it from 30 to 60 cents. Taking advantage of their "corner," Hayden & Co. made a proposition to the Lamson firm, it is alleged, to sell at 60 cents, or, if they refused, the price would be pushed to 80 cents. The result was the Lamsons were compelled to pay, losing in the deal between 30 and 60 cents. As the Lamson firm is a market is illegal, Lamson brings proceedings against the Hayden firm for the damages sustained by their being compelled to buy at the "corner" price.

## Lottery Prize Suit Decided.

CHICAGO, Dec. 17.—Judge Jameson decided today that Jacob Baar, of Grand Haven, Mich., was not entitled to \$10,000 won in a Mexican lottery ticket bought by Eugene Rowson. Rowson died two days before the drawing occurred. Baar set up the plea that lotteries being illegal, the money should be returned to the state, and that he was not entitled to maintain his action. Judge Jameson overruled his demurrer and says because lotteries are illegal the law does not authorize the return of the prize. The money is to be divided between Baar and Rowson's estate, and he is not to be allowed to appropriate it, no matter from what source it springs. Baar will appeal.

## Illness of Henry W. Grady.

ATLANTA, Ga., Dec. 17.—Preparations had been made to give Henry W. Grady a rousing reception, at the Chamber of Commerce hall, upon his arrival today. A call, setting forth the high appreciation of his Boston speech, had been issued by Mayor Glenn and many prominent citizens, and a large crowd was present when the train arrived. Information of Mr. Grady's serious illness, however, had been wired to his physicians, and the reception was abandoned. Three times three cheers were given for Grady upon his appearance. He could scarcely walk, and was carried directly to his home. The physicians in attendance to-night think his illness will not prove dangerous.

## His Bones Found in the Mountains.

KNOXVILLE, Tenn., Dec. 17.—The mystery of the disappearance of W. J. Longuey, one of the leading citizens of this section, has been solved by the finding of his bones near Glen Mary, in the Cumberland mountains. The identification was made by his purse, which contained \$16 in money. The latter fact seems to corroborate the theory of many that he had become insane and died. He had been missing over three months.

## Alleged Patent Office Decision.

TORONTO, Ont., Dec. 17.—Information has been received here to the effect that the States Patent Office has decided in favor of Rosebrough. The invention is for a duplex long-distance telephone line, and it is claimed that it very materially reduces the cost of working such lines.

## Steamship Arrivals.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—Arrived: Erin, from London, and Arizona, from Liverpool. The new Russia, of the Hamburg-American line, arrived to-day on her maiden trip. She left Hamburg on the 3d instant.

BREMENHAVEN, Dec. 17.—Arrived: Werra, from New York.

QUEENSTOWN, Dec. 17.—Arrived: Alaska, from New York, for Liverpool.

## PARNELL AND HOME RULE

Its Benefit Discussed by the Great Irish Leader, at Nottingham, Yesterday.

Ireland's Industries Can Best Be Regenerated by Individuals, and Not by Money Taken from the English Exchequer.

A Mixture of Coercion and Constitutionalism Denounced as an Impossibility.

Rumors of Impending War Between Guatemala and Salvador, with Mexico as Instigator—How a London Postman Was Robbed.

## PARNELL ON IRISH AFFAIRS.

Home Rule Alone Can Regenerate the Decayed Industries of the Country.

LONDON, Dec. 17.—Mr. Parnell, who recently announced his intention to speak in reply to the speech recently made by Lord Salisbury at the Conservative conference at Nottingham, arrived in that city to-day. There was a great crowd at the railway station when he arrived, and he was greeted with mingled groans and cheers. Mr. Parnell addressed a large meeting this afternoon. He declared that there never had been a movement of such magnitude to the country, which was so comparatively free from crime as the Land League movement. The object of the home-rule movement, he said, was to regenerate Ireland and especially with regard to her industrial condition.

Continuing, Mr. Parnell said that manufacturing might be developed to such an extent as to take the strain off the land and enable the people to look to other means than farming for gaining a living, but the idea was not tenable; that Ireland could be governed by England promoting her industries. Irishmen themselves must promote Irish industries by building harbors, clearing out the water of the rivers, and reclaiming waste lands—not at the expense of the English exchequer, but of the Irish exchequer, or, best of all, through the efforts of local and individual enterprise and with private capital. Mr. Balfour's plan of making railways through impoverished districts was a vain expenditure of money. Home rule aimed at national regeneration, and this implied the regeneration of the industries and the industrial and commercial spirit of the people. If home rule were granted it would not discourage the rich people of England from promoting industrial developments, but the money would be judiciously and advantageously employed instead of being wasted, as now, to maintain in power a government of fraud and trickery. Expenditure of that sort would enable Ireland to get and keep her head above water, and so exercise and develop the qualities of her people that she would be no longer an exhibition for the wonder and scorn of the nations of the world. [Cheers.] Briefly referring to the Parnell commission, the speaker said that he believed the judges' report would not discredit the national movement.

Mr. Parnell devoted the speech he made to-night to the Tenants' League. He said this was the farthest and most important step in the regeneration of Ireland, the people's dislike of the government was tenfold more intense for the experiences of these years of coercion. But the country, though it did not yield, was tranquil because of the fact that it had in the assurance of Mr. Gladstone that a triumphant Liberal party would soon give it its legitimate freedom. Mr. Parnell would not say that it would be a triumph for the country, but by mere coercion, but Balfour's mixture of coercion and constitutionalism would never succeed. Mr. Balfour had made several mistakes, and these were that he neglected to provide for arrears of rent and for the restoration of evicted tenants. This led to the formation of a new agrarian party, and the country was now in a state of anarchy. He would advise the government to stop away, as chaff is swept before the whirlwind.

If the government had nothing to be ashamed of, its connection with the Times, doubtless it would gratify curiosity by making known the truth about that matter. The country must know how far the government had gone in its course, and so thoroughly contrary to the English spirit as to attack men from ambush and by the use of such disreputable instruments as the Hottentots were forgeries, but he would rather have died than have accepted the vindication the government offered him. The Parnell commission, instead of trying the personal indictment, had tried the Irish nation and the movements of the Irish party.

Mr. Parnell, upon the conclusion of his enumeration of Southern, will visit Mr. Gladstone, at Haverd.

Mr. Parnell declares that all the talk about a protestant minority being an impediment to the passage of the Home Rule bill is a fallacy. He further declares that the modified home rule, as proposed by Mr. Gladstone, is preferable to Grattan's scheme, which contained several elements of friction.

## CENTRAL AMERICAN EMERGENCY.

Rumor of Imminent War by Guatemala and Honduras Against Salvador.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—A letter from Greytown, Panama, dated Dec. 11, shows a volcanic state of affairs utterly at variance with the reported formation of a Central American union. While matters have been quieted in Costa Rica by the banishment of Esquinal and his followers, war is imminent between Guatemala and Salvador. Grattan's scheme, which contained several elements of friction.

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## gather in Guatemala, Honduras and Salvador before any power can interfere in the case.

London Postman Robbed of Valuable Registered Letters While Delivering Mail.

LONDON, Dec. 17.—While a postman was delivering mail in a building in Hatton Garden, this morning, he was attacked by three men, who attempted to rob him of his letter bag. The postman strongly resisted his assailants, but was finally overcome, after being wounded. The robbers then carried him into an adjacent room, took his bag from him and locked him in, after which they succeeded in making their escape. It is stated that the mail stolen comprised registered packets from the Cape of Good Hope, containing diamonds. The postoffice authorities, however, to-night the Cape mail was delivered yesterday.

Refused to Use the Russian Language.

RIGA, Dec. 17.—The municipal authorities, at their meeting to-day, conducted the proceedings in the Russian language, instead of the German, in accordance with the ukase recently issued by the Czar. This was the first time the Russian language was used at a meeting of the council. Mayor Oettingen and Councilors Hilke, Hausman and Bismarck withdrew from the meeting, owing to the enforcement of the use of the Russian language, and the municipal secretary resigned for the same cause.

Happenings in Africa.

ZANZIBAR, Dec. 17.—The Mansourah, the yacht of the Khedive, will probably sail on Tuesday next with Stanley, Emin Pasha and others for Cairo.

Mapoona, the chief of the natives in the Shire river district, has accepted Portuguese sovereignty.

Advises from the interior state that King Mwanga, who was driven from Uganda some time ago by a revolt headed by disaffected chiefs, has succeeded in re-conquering his kingdom.

Boulangier Refused Amnesty.

PARIS, Dec. 17.—The Chamber of Deputies to-day, by a vote of 304 to 198, nullified the election of the Boulangist, M. Laur. He was elected for Neuilly by a majority of 2,000 over the Republican candidate. The Chamber also voted against the proposition to give amnesty to a measure declaring amnesty for Boulanger and his co-defendants associates. It also voted, by 190 to 170, against giving amnesty to strikers who had been guilty of violation of law.

Ex-Empress Theresa's Diamonds Safe.

LONDON, Dec. 18.—A dispatch from Lisbon to the Times says the story of the theft of the Empress Theresa's diamonds from the palace at Petropolis is untrue. They were not left in the Empress's rooms as alleged, but were placed in safe custody where they remain intact.

Another Plot Against the Czar.

BERLIN, Dec. 17.—The Weser Zeitung, of Bremen, says that another plot against the Czar has been discovered, and that a number of military officers in St. Petersburg have been arrested on the charge of being concerned in it.

Consul Lewis in Trouble.

LONDON, Dec. 17.—It is reported from Tangiers, owing to the action of Consul Lewis in the seizure of fire-arms, the government has cabled to Washington demanding that he be recalled.

Italian Duke Short in His Accounts.

ROME, Dec. 17.—It is reported that a deficiency of 2,000,000 lire (\$400,000) was incurred during the administration of the late Duke of Rome, Duke Forlanini.

Eleven British Sailors Drowned.

LONDON, Dec. 17.—The British barque Tenby Castle was wrecked in the Irish sea, off Holyhead, to-day, and eleven of her crew were drowned.

Cable Notes.

The strike of the printers in Berne has ended in the complete defeat of the men.

The General Assembly of Egypt has approved the abolition of the corvee, or tax of personal service.

The Governor of Kiev, Russia, has closed twenty Catholic churches. No reason is given for this proceeding.

Count von Moltke has recovered from the influenza. There is a serious outbreak of the epidemic among the garrison at Mayence.

Many eminent engineers favor the scheme of connecting Berlin with the sea by a canal to the North sea, rather than by a canal to the Baltic.

Bushin, the noted Arab, who led the insurgents in their revolt, and who was captured by villagers of Magilla and handed over to the German authorities of Zanzibar, has been executed.

It is reported that many persons are at Tiflis who have been exiled from Erzerum by orders from Constantinople in consequence of their being suspected of having furnished information of the Armenian atrocities.

Despite the compromise under which many of the striking miners of Westphalia have returned to work, eight collieries at Dortmund are still idle and wholly deserted. This state of affairs indicates that many of the old miners have sought work elsewhere.

The London Times's Lisbon correspondent, on being asked by the Times, which arrived yesterday, assert that there is great discontent in Rio Grande do Sul, the inhabitants of which declare that they would rather have the kind in the United States, than with Uruguay than consent to federation.

Lord Danagan, who was recently successful in settling out of court a suit for breach of promise, brought against him by Phyllis Bitchell, the actress, to whom he had paid \$7,500, was married in St. George's Church, Hanover square, London, yesterday, to Lady Neville. The guests were numerous and the presents magnificent and costly.

## BRUTAL AND FATAL FIGHT.

Two Human Tigers Fummed Each Other for 105 Rounds—Death of One of the Men.

BUTTE, Mont., Dec. 17.—John Gallagher died at his home in this city, last evening, from the effects of injuries received from G. H. Warte in a brutal fight that took place on Sunday morning. The cause of the fight was a dispute between the men over a trifling account connected with a house which Gallagher had built for Warte. Bad blood was engendered, and a fight was formally arranged for the day named, to take place at a sporting resort a couple of miles from the city. The prize was \$100, and a dozen others were present. One hundred and five rounds were fought, all of them fiendish in their brutality, the men fighting like tigers. Warte knocked Gallagher down ninety-eight times. Gallagher's left arm was broken by a blow in the fortieth round, but he fought on with undiminished ferocity. In the ninety-eighth round Warte caught Gallagher off his guard and delivered a terrible right-hand under the chin, knocking Gallagher senseless. He partially recovered and fought seven more rounds in a half-dazed condition, receiving awful punishment until he was knocked out.

Prize-Fight Dates Fixed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Dec. 17.—The directors of the California Athletic Club have postponed the battle between Ike Weir and Billy Murphy to Jan. 13, one of Weir's hands having been injured by gunshot. Jan. 20 has been fixed as the date for the match of Jack McAuliffe of New York, and Jim Carroll, the club's light-weight instructor.

Strike of One Thousand Miners.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Dec. 17.—About one thousand coal miners, employed by the Rochester and Pittsburgh Coal and Iron

## Company, at the Walton and Adrian mines, went out on strike this morning.

They demand increased pay for working clay, and a decrease in rent and the levying by the company of an assessment on each minor for the benefit of the miners' relief committee. The company's headquarters are in this city, and the officials confirm the story.

## DELEGATES ENTERTAINED.

Brilliant Reception at New York to Members of the International American Congress.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—The pan-American delegates visited the Normal College this morning and were graciously entertained by the young lady pupils there. Later they visited the Metropolitan Museum of Art, the Museum of Natural History, and St. Patrick's Cathedral. They then returned to their hotel.

The reception and banquet tendered the delegates by the Union League Club, this evening, was a brilliant affair. Elaborate arrangements had been made, beautiful menus and wine lists issued, long lists of committees had been prepared, and everything that could be done to give a dinner on one of the largest scales yet attempted in this city was accomplished and carried through successfully.

Taste, art and skill were combined to make the event a memorable one. At 8 o'clock the throng that finally included 1,500 guests began to arrive at the clubhouse. It was half an hour later when the pan-American delegates arrived. Their procession, escorted by the police, was headed by mounted police, Secretary Blaine was vigorously applauded as he stepped into the clubhouse, and the delegates also came in for substantial rounds of applause. The reception committee included three scores of the names of the best-known men in town. Secretary Tracy and Secretary Harrison were among the guests, and in the great throng were many representatives of the diplomatic service, the clergy, the army and navy, the leading clubs, and the social and business leaders of the city. Most of the gentlemen present were accompanied by ladies.

The delegates went to the supper rooms at 9 o'clock. President Chamberlain, Mr. Brewster, General Sherman, the upper was laid in the small room, each of which held five or six tables. In one were Secretary Blaine, Mr. Dewey, Secretary Tracy, Miss Tracy and Joseph H. Choate. Supper, after dancing was begun and kept up till a late hour. The delegates expressed themselves as highly delighted with the evening's entertainment.

## NET A HORRIBLE DEATH.

An Elkhardt Painter Killed by Falling Across Electric Light Wires at Toledo, O.

ELKHART, Ind., Dec. 17.—The remains of Robert S. Dalton, a painter in the employ of the Lake Shore road, were brought to his home in this city, this evening, from Toledo, O., where he met a horrible death this morning. He went to the top of the train shed to measure a skylight for repairs. He was missed a couple of hours after, and the foreman climbed to the roof to investigate. He was horrified at seeing the body of Dalton lying on his back across two electric light wires, and the smoke curling up from his burning clothing and flesh. The odor fairly sickened him, and seeing that Dalton was dead, he at once descended to the freight office and telegraphed the fact to his home. The body could be removed. It presented a horrible spectacle. His face was black, and from his mouth great flakes of foam fell. His arms and legs were stiff, and his face and hair were covered with soot. His left arm, which was fearfully burned above the elbow, was drawn up close to his side, and across his back were two burned stripes about three inches wide, where he had touched the wires. It is surmised that in walking on the roof he slipped, and endeavoring to catch himself, backed up against one of the wires over which he fell. His shoulders striking on the other wire while his back, just at the base of the spine, rested over the wire where he first became entangled, he was unable to free himself. He was an excellent conductor, and receiving, as he did, the complete force of the current from two wires, his death must have been instantaneous. Dalton was a sober, industrious man, aged forty, he leaves a wife and child.

## COSTLY FIRE AT VINCENNES.

Iron Sewer-Pipe-Works Completely Wiped Out, with a Loss of \$27,000.

VINCENNES, Ind., Dec. 17.—This morning, about 4 o'clock, the Bell-Armistead light-iron sewer-pipe-works were discovered on fire. The fire department was unable to render any assistance, for the reason that the works stood some distance outside of the city limits, and beyond fire protection. In forty minutes the entire structure and all the machinery, and three car-loads of pipe, were a mass of smoldering ruins. The works were new, having been in operation but a moment when the men had to flee for their lives. Mr. Edward Watson, president of the company, says they may rebuild at once. This was one of the three institutions of the kind in the United States. The iron sewer pipes made were used much as clay tiles are used. This was one of the chief industries of the city, and is a serious loss.

## Burned While Asleep.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—A fire broke out at No. 66 Eldridge street shortly before 2 o'clock this morning. A synagogue on the second floor and the three top stories are occupied by Mark Max as a candy factory. Three men were asleep on the top floor, and they were badly burned. They were Solomon Eley, Russian tailor, burned on the face and body, and will probably die; Elias Elias, tailor, burned about the chest and head, and Abraham Visvotzky, the watchman of the building, badly burned on the legs and arms. They were taken to Governor Hospital. The building suffered only \$500 damages.

## Other Fires.

NEW YORK, Dec. 17.—Fire was discovered, at 4:45 o'clock this morning, on the seventh floor of Jacobus Brothers' piano factory, Nos. 54 and 54 West Fortieth street. Before it was extinguished it had made its way down to the fifth floor, and caused damage estimated at \$25,000. The firm is insured.

PORT COSTA, Cal., Dec. 17.—The British ship Durham, lying at the warehouse, loading wheat for Liverpool, caught fire this morning. She was towed into the stream and afterwards beached and flooded. She had about twenty-four